

BLC



ANISSAH SUBRATTY
Barrister and Legal Consultant

To: The Registrar of Companies
Companies Division
1 Cathedral Square
Jules Koenig Street
Port Louis

Date: 6th November 2008

Legal Certificate

Company: **Ascencia Limited**

Type: **Public Company Limited by Shares**

Madam

I am a Law Practitioner in terms of the Law Practitioners Act

I certify, for the purpose of section 42(3) of the Companies Act 2001 that the constitution of the captioned company complies with the laws of Mauritius.

Yours sincerely

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'A. Subratty', with a stylized flourish at the end.

Anissah Subratty
Barrister

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ASCENCIA LTD

CONSTITUTION

CONSTITUTION OF THE COMPANY

“ASCENCIA LTD ”

A PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

PURSUANT TO THE COMPANIES ACT 2001

THE CONSTITUTION

ASCENCIA LTD

1. Establishment of Constitution

- 1.1. There is established to govern the Company, this Constitution which modifies, adapts and extends as herein provided the provisions of the Act in its application to the Company.

2. Name

- 2.1. The name of the Company is ASCENCIA LTD

3. Objects

- 3.1. The objects for which the Company is established are:
 - 3.1.1 To carry on business directly or indirectly as a property company and directly or indirectly to acquire, invest in and hold rights of ownership in real estate, or in shares or other securities in corporate bodies holding real estate and other immovable property rights, in leasehold rights and any rights and interests to or in any of the foregoing (whether issued or to be issued), and to carry on the business of real estate development and from time to time directly or indirectly to sell, deal in, vary or dispose of any of the foregoing; and to receive moneys on deposit or loan and to borrow or raise money and secure or discharge any debt or obligation of or binding on the Company in any manner and in particular by the issue of debentures and to secure the repayment of any money borrowed, raised or owing by mortgage, charge or lien against the whole or any part of the Company's property or assets (whether present or future) including uncalled capital and also by a similar mortgage, charge or lien to secure or guarantee the performance of any obligations or liability undertaken by the Company ; and to guarantee the payment of one by or the performance of any contracts, liabilities, obligations, or engagements of any company, firm or person and to grant guarantees and indemnities of every description, and to undertake obligations of every description.
 - 3.1.2 To distribute among the members of the Company in specie any assets of the Company or any proceeds of sale or disposal of any assets of the Company and in particular to repay any surplus or premiums on any shares of the Company but so that (except on a winding up or as authorised by the court) no distribution amounting to a reduction of the nominal paid up capital of the

Company be made; and to promote any company or companies for the purpose of its or their acquiring all or any of the property, rights and liabilities of the Company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the Company and to pay all the expenses of or incidental to such promotion.

3.1.3 To carry out any business activities which are not prohibited under the laws of Mauritius and to do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

4. Type of Company

4.1. The Company shall be a public company.

5. Registered Office

5.1. The Registered Office shall be at No. 5, President John Kennedy Street, Port Louis, Mauritius or at such other address in Mauritius as the Directors may from time to time determine.

5.2. The Company, in addition to the Registered Office, may establish and maintain such other offices and places of business and agencies in Mauritius or elsewhere as the Directors may from time to time determine.

6. Definitions and rules of interpretation

6.1. In this Constitution, unless the context otherwise requires, the following words and expressions have the following meanings:

Act	means the Companies Act 2001;
Alternate Director	means a Director appointed pursuant to clause 21.9;
Amalgamation	means the completed act of the Company and one or more other companies amalgamating pursuant to sections 244 to 252 of the Act and continuing as one Company, which may be one of the amalgamating companies or a new company;
Annual Meeting	means a meeting of Shareholders held pursuant to section 115 of the Act;
Balance Sheet Date	means the date adopted by the Company as the end of its financial year for the purpose of its annual financial statements;
Board	means the Directors numbering not less than the required quorum acting together as the Board of Directors of the Company, and where the Company has only one Director or where one Director is a quorum, that Director.

Class and Class of Shares	means a Class of Shares having attached to them identical rights, privileges, limitations, and conditions;
Chairperson	means the Chairperson of the Board, elected under clause 23.1.
Company	means ASCENCIA LTD;
Constitution	means this Constitution of the Company and all amendments to it made from time to time;
Debenture	means a written acknowledgement of indebtedness issued by a company in respect of a loan made or to be made to it or to any other person or money deposited or to be deposited with the company or any other person or the existing indebtedness of the company or any other person whether constituting a charge on any of the assets of the company or not; and includes debenture stock, convertible debenture, a bond or an obligation, loan stock; an unsecured note; or any other instrument executed, authenticated, issued or created in consideration of such a loan or existing indebtedness; but does not include a bill of exchange, a promissory note, a letter of credit, an acknowledgement of indebtedness issued in the ordinary course of business for goods or services supplied, a policy of insurance; or a deposit certificate, pass book or other similar document issued in connection with a deposit or current account at a banking company;
Director	means, subject to section 128 of the Act, a person appointed and continuing in office for the time being, in accordance with this Constitution, as a Director of the Company.
Distribution	in relation to Shares held by a Shareholder, means the direct or indirect transfer of money or property, other than Shares, by the Company, to or for the benefit of that Shareholder; or the incurring of a debt by the Company to or for the benefit of a Shareholder, whether by means of a purchase of property, the redemption or other acquisition of Shares, a Distribution of indebtedness or by some other means;
Dividend	means a Distribution by the Company other than a Distribution to which section 68 (acquisition of Company's own Shares) or section 81 (financial assistance in acquisition of company's shares) of the Act applies;
General Meeting	means any meeting of Shareholders;
Interests Register	means a register kept by the Company at its registered office as required by section 190(2)(c) of the Act;

International Accounting Standards	means the International Accounting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Committee; and includes the Interpretations of the Standing Interpretations Committee issued by the International Accounting Standards Committee; and any other entity to which the responsibility for setting accounting standards has been assigned by the International Accounting Standards Committee;
International Standards on Auditing	means the International Standards on Auditing issued by the International Federation of Accountants;
Major Transaction	<p>in relation to the Company, means, subject to sections 130(5) and 130(6) of the Act:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -the acquisition of, or an agreement to acquire, whether contingent or not, assets the value of which is more than seventy five (75) percent of the value of the Company's assets before the acquisition; or -the disposition of, or an agreement to dispose of, assets of the Company the value of which is more than seventy five (75) percent of the value of the Company's assets before the disposition; or -a transaction that has or is likely to have the effect of the Company acquiring rights or interests or incurring obligations or liabilities, the value of which is more than seventy five (75) percent of the value of the Company's assets before the transaction;
Month	means a calendar month;
Ordinary Resolution	means a resolution approved by a simple majority of the votes of those Shareholders entitled to vote and voting on the matter which is the subject of the resolution;
Ordinary Share	<p>means a share which confers on the holder:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -the right to vote at meetings of Shareholders and on a poll to cast one vote for each share held; -subject to the rights of any other Class of Shares, the right to an equal share in Dividends and other Distributions made by the Company; and -subject to the rights of any other Class of Shares, the right to an equal share in the Distribution of the surplus assets of the Company on its liquidation;
Register of Debenture Holders	means the Register of Debenture Holders required to be kept by section 124 of the Act;
Registrar	means the Registrar of Companies appointed under section 10 of the Act;

Share	means a share in the share capital of the Company;
Shareholder	means a person: -whose name is entered in the Share Register as the holder for the time being of one or more Shares; or -until the person's name is entered in the Share Register, a person named as a Shareholder in the application for registration of the Company at the time of incorporation of the Company; or -until the person's name is entered in the Share Register, a person who is entitled to have his name entered in the Share Register under a registered Amalgamation proposal, as a shareholder in an amalgamated company;
Share Register	means the register of Shares required to be maintained by clause 13 of this Constitution and section 91 of the Act.
Signed	(a) means subscribed by a person under his hand with his signature; and (b) includes the signature of the person given electronically where it carries that person's personal encryption;
Solvency Test	has the meaning assigned to it in section 6 of the Act.
Special Meeting	means any meeting (other than an Annual Meeting) of the Shareholders entitled to vote on an issue, called at any time by the Board, or by any other person who is authorised by this Constitution or by the Act to call Special Meetings of Shareholders;
Special Resolution	means a resolution of Shareholders approved by a majority of seventy five (75) percent of the votes of those Shareholders entitled to vote, present and voting on the question; and
Writing	includes the recording of words in a permanent or legible form and the display of words by any form of electronic or other means of communication in a manner that enables the word to be readily stored in a permanent form and, with or without the aid of any equipment, to be retrieved and read.

- 6.2. Words importing the singular include the plural and vice versa.
- 6.3. A reference to a person includes any firm, company or group of persons, whether corporate or unincorporated.
- 6.4. Words importing one gender include the other genders.
- 6.5. Subject to this clause 6.1, expressions contained in this Constitution bear the same meaning as specified in the Act at the date on which this Constitution becomes binding on the Company.

6.6. Reference to a clause means a clause of this Constitution.

6.7. The clause headings are included for convenience only and do not affect the construction of this Constitution.

7. ACCOUNTING

7.1. The Accounting Period shall be such period as the Board may from time to time determine.

8. PRELIMINARY EXPENSES

8.1. The expenses incurred in forming the Company or revising its structure or constitution from time to time (including without limitation in the obtaining of authorisations for the Company, the determination of its tax status and in the preparation of its initial agreements with (inter alia) any administrator, custodian, investment manager, investment adviser, registrar or secretary) shall, except and to the extent that it may be otherwise agreed by the Directors, be paid by the Company and may be amortised or written off over such period as the Directors may determine from time to time and the amount so paid shall, in the accounts of the Company, be charged against income and/or capital as determined by the Directors.

9. ISSUE OF SHARES

9.1. ~~cause 9.1 deleted as per sms held on 18/10/2013~~
The share capital of the company is composed of 443,206 ordinary share of no par value.

Clause 9.2 deleted and replaced as per sms dated 11/03/2009

9.2. ~~Subject to the Act, this Constitution and the terms of issue of any existing Shares, the Board may issue Shares (and rights or options to acquire Shares) of any Class at any time, to any person and in such numbers as the Board thinks fit.~~

9.3. The Board may issue shares that are redeemable either at the option of the Company or of the Shareholder; subject to the terms of Sub Part E of Part VII of the Act and subject further to such lock-in period as the Directors may determine.

9.4. Before the Board issues Shares, it must:

9.4.1 determine the amount of the consideration for which the Shares will be issued and the terms on which they will be issued;

9.4.2 if the Shares are to be issued for consideration other than cash, determine the reasonable present cash value of the consideration for the issue and ensure that the present cash value of that consideration is fair and reasonable to the Company and is not less than the amount to be credited in respect of the Shares; and

9.4.3 resolve that, in its opinion, the consideration for the Shares and their terms of issue are fair and reasonable to the Company and to all existing Shareholders.

- 9.5. When issuing Shares for consideration other than cash, any one of the Directors or his agent authorised in writing shall sign a certificate:
- 9.5.1 stating the present cash value of the consideration and the basis for assessing it;
 - 9.5.2 that the present cash value of the consideration is fair and reasonable to the Company and to all existing Shareholders; and
 - 9.5.3 that the present cash value of the consideration is not less than the amount to be credited in respect of the Shares.
- 9.6. A copy of the certificate given under clause 9.5 shall be filed with the Registrar within fourteen (14) days of its signature.
- 9.7. Where money or other consideration is due at a fixed time to the Company on Shares in accordance with their terms of issue, no notice shall be required to be given to the Shareholder (or other person liable under the terms of issue) before the Company may enforce payment of the amount due.
- 9.8. The Board may issue Shares to any Shareholders who have agreed to accept the issue of Shares, wholly or partly, in lieu of a proposed dividend or proposed future dividends provided that –
- 9.8.1 the right to receive Shares, wholly or partly, in lieu of the proposed dividend or proposed future dividends has been offered to all Shareholders of the same Class on the same terms;
 - 9.8.2 where all Shareholders elected to receive the Shares in lieu of the proposed dividend, relative voting or distribution rights, or both, would be maintained;
 - 9.8.3 the Shareholders to whom the right is offered are afforded a reasonable opportunity of accepting it;
 - 9.8.4 the Shares issued to each Shareholder are issued on the same terms and subject to the same rights as the Shares issued to all Shareholders in that Class who agree to receive the Shares; and
 - 9.8.5 the provisions of section 56 of the Act are complied with by the Board.
- 9.9. If, at any time, the share capital of the Company is divided into different Classes of Shares, the Company shall not take any action which varies the rights attached to a Class of Shares unless that variation is approved by a Special Resolution, or by consent in Writing of the holders of seventy five (75) percent of the Shares of that Class.
- 9.10 Where the variation of rights attached to a Class of Shares is approved under clause 9.9 and the Company becomes entitled to take the action concerned, the holder of a Share of that Class who did not consent to or cast any votes in favour of the resolution for the variation, may apply to the Court for an order under section 178 of the Act, or may require the Company to purchase those Shares in accordance with section 108 of the Act. For the purposes of this clause, “variation” shall include abrogation and the expression “varied” shall be construed accordingly.
- 9.11 A resolution which would have the effect of:

- 9.11.1 diminishing the proportion of the total votes exercisable at a General Meeting by the holders of the existing Shares of a Class; or
- 9.11.2 reducing the proportion of the dividends or distributions payable at any time to the holders of the existing Shares of a Class,

shall be deemed to be a variation of the rights of that Class.

9.12 The Company shall within one month from the date of the consent or resolution referred to in clause 9 file with the Registrar in a form approved by him the particulars of such consent or resolution.

10. Purchase By Company Of Its Shares

- 10.1. The Company may purchase or otherwise acquire its Shares in accordance with, and subject to, sections 68 to 74, 106, and 108 to 110 of the Act, and may hold the acquired Shares in accordance with section 72 of the Act.

11. Fund Manager

- 11.1. The Directors may appoint as Fund Manager any person, firm or corporation to advise on and to manage the investment and reinvestment of the investments of the Company and may entrust to and confer upon the Fund Manager so appointed any of the relevant functions, duties, powers and discretions exercisable by them as Directors, other than the power to make calls or forfeit shares, upon such terms and conditions, including the right to remuneration payable by the Company, and with such powers of delegation and sub-delegation and such restrictions as they think fit and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers.

12. Property Manager

- 12.1. The Directors may appoint as Property Manager any person, firm or corporation to assist in the management of the real estate investments of the Company. The Company may entrust to the Property Manager such functions, duties, powers and discretions as it may determine, with such powers of delegation and sub-delegation and such restrictions as they think fit and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers.

13. Share Register

- 13.1. The Company shall maintain a Share Register in accordance with section 91 of the Act, in which all Shares issued by the Company shall be recorded and which shall state:
 - 13.1.1 whether, under this Constitution or the terms of issue of any Shares there are any restrictions or limitations on their transfer; and
 - 13.1.2 the place where any document that contains the restrictions or limitations may be inspected.

- 13.2. The Company may, subject to section 91(4) of the Act, appoint an agent to maintain the Share Register.
- 13.3. For so long as the Company shall be a public company, the subsidiary or the holding company of a public company, it shall maintain a register of substantial Shareholders in accordance with section 91 of the Act.
- 13.4. The Share Register shall state, with respect to each Class of Shares:
- 13.4.1 the names, in an alphabetical order, and the last known address of each person who is, or has, within the last seven years, been a Shareholder;
 - 13.4.2 the number of Shares of that Class held by each Shareholder within the last seven (7) years; and
 - 13.4.3 the date of any:
 - (a) issue of Shares to;
 - (b) repurchase or redemption of Shares from; or
 - (c) transfer of Shares by or to;
- each Shareholder within the last seven (7) years; and in relation to the transfer, the name of the person to or from whom the Shares were transferred.
- 13.5. It shall be the duty of the Secretary to take reasonable steps to ensure that all the registers required to be maintained by the Company, are properly maintained and that the appropriate entries are promptly entered on them.
- 13.6. Subject to section 95 of the Act, the entry of the name of a person in the Share Register as holder of a Share shall be prima facie evidence that the legal title to the Share is vested in that person.
- 13.7. The Company may treat the registered holder of a Share as the only person entitled to:
- 13.7.1 exercise the right to vote attaching to the Share;
 - 13.7.2 receive notices in respect of the Share;
 - 13.7.3 receive a Distribution in respect of the Share; and
 - 13.7.4 exercise the other rights and powers attaching to the Share.
- 13.8. No notice of a trust, whether express, implied, or constructive, may be entered on the Share Register.
- 13.9. Fully paid shares shall be free from any restriction on the right of transfer and from all lien.

14. Share Certificates

- 14.1. A Shareholder may apply to the Company for a certificate relating to some or all of his Shares.

- 14.2. The Company shall, within twenty eight (28) days after receiving an application for a Share certificate under clause 14.1, send to the Shareholder a certificate stating the name of the Company, the Class of Shares held by the Shareholder and the number of Shares to which the certificate relates.
- 14.3. If the application relates to some but not all of the applicant's Shares, the Company shall separate the Shares shown in the Share Register as owned by the applicant into two separate parcels; one parcel including the Shares to which the Share certificate relates, and the other parcel including any remaining Shares.
- 14.4. Notwithstanding clause 13 of this Constitution and section 88 of the Act, where a Share certificate has been issued, a transfer of the Shares to which it relates shall not be registered by the Company unless the form of transfer is accompanied by the Share certificate relating to the Shares (or by evidence as to its loss or destruction and, if required, an indemnity in a form required by the Board).
- 14.5. Where Shares to which a Share certificate relates are transferred, and the Share certificate has been sent to the Company to enable registration of the transfer, the Share certificate will be cancelled and no further Share certificate will be issued except at the request of the transferee.
- 14.6. Where a Share certificate or any document of title to a debenture is lost or destroyed, the Company shall, on application being made by the owner and on payment of the fee specified in item 1 of the Third Schedule to the Act, issue a duplicate certificate or document to the owner.
- 14.7. The application shall be accompanied by a written undertaking that where the certificate or document is found, or received by the owner, it shall be returned to the Company.
- 14.8. Where the value of the Shares or debentures represented by the certificate or document is greater than ten thousand rupees, the Directors shall, before accepting an application for the issue of a duplicate certificate or document, require the applicant to furnish such indemnity as the Directors consider to be adequate against any loss following the production of the original certificate or document.

15. PLEDGE OF SHARES

- 15.1. The Company shall keep a register in which pledges of Shares or debentures shall be inscribed stating that the pledgee holds the Shares or debentures not as owner but in pledge of a debt, the amount of which shall be mentioned. A pledge shall be sufficiently proved by the inscription in that register.
- 15.2. If the pledgee so requires, there shall be delivered to him a certificate, signed by the Company's secretary, which shall enumerate the number of Shares given in pledge and the amount and nature of the debt in respect of which the pledge was constituted.

- 15.3. Subject to the terms and conditions of the pledge, the owner of the Shares given in pledge shall continue to be the party entitled to attend General Meetings of the Company and to vote with respect to such Shares and to cash all dividends in respect thereof.
- 15.4. In the event of Shares so given in pledge being sold by public sale or being attributed by a Judge or Court, according to the provisions of article 2087 and following of the Civil Code for non payment of the sums due for which the said Shares were given in pledge, the Shares thus put to sale or to be attributed shall, before the final adjudication or order, be offered to the Shareholders who may be present at the sale and it is only in case of refusal by them to purchase the said Shares at the price offered, that the adjudication or order shall be made; in the case of an attribution by a Judge or a Court, the valuation to be carried out by virtue of article 2087 of the Civil Code shall be deemed to be the purchase price.
- 15.5. If more than one Shareholder were to avail themselves of the right to purchase the Shares thus offered to them, one of the Directors or the secretary, if present at the sale, or in default the broker or the auctioneer shall divide them amongst the purchasing Shareholders in proportion to the number of Shares held by them at the time of the sale.
- 15.6. If the adjudication has been made to a person who is not a Shareholder, such adjudication shall be provisional only and the following provisions shall apply:
- 15.6.1 the broker or the auctioneer in charge of the sale shall notify the secretary of the Company by way of registered letter posted to the registered office of the Company that the adjudication has taken place and shall, in the same notice, give the name and address of the purchaser as well as the price fetched at the adjudication. Immediately on receipt by the secretary of the broker's or auctioneer's letter, all the provisions of the Act relating to transfer of shares shall take effect and shall apply "mutatis mutandis" to the transfer of the Shares.
- 15.6.2 however, if within sixty (60) days of the date of notice given pursuant to clause 12.2(c)(i), no reply has been received from the secretary in respect of the transfer of the Shares, the adjudication shall be final and conclusive, save and except the provisions of the Act relating to transfer of shares.

16. LIEN

- 16.1. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien upon every Share registered in the name of a Shareholder (whether solely or jointly with others) and upon the proceeds of sale of those Shares. This lien shall be for:
- 16.1.1 all money payable (whether presently or not) in respect of Shares held by the Shareholder;
- 16.1.2 all other money presently payable by the Shareholder to the Company on any account whatever; and

16.1.3 the lien extends to all Dividends from time to time declared in respect of the Shares.

16.2. Subject to this clause, the Company may sell in such a manner as the Board thinks fit any Shares on which the Company has a lien. No sale may be made until:

16.2.1 a sum in respect of which the lien exists is due and payable;

16.2.2 a notice in Writing stating, and demanding payment of, the amount due and payable (in respect of which the lien exists) has been given to the current registered holder of the Share (or the person entitled to that Share by reason of the registered holder's death or bankruptcy); and

16.2.3 fourteen (14) days have expired since the giving of that notice.

16.3. The net proceeds of the sale of any Shares sold for the purpose of enforcing a lien shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of any amount in respect of which the lien existed. The residue, if any, shall be paid to the former holder of the Shares.

16.4. For giving effect to any sale enforcing a lien in purported exercise of the powers given in this Constitution, the Board may authorise some person to transfer the Shares sold to the purchaser. The purchaser will be registered as the holder of the Shares comprised in the transfer and will not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor will the purchaser's title to the Shares be affected by an irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale. The remedy of any person aggrieved by the sale will be in damages only, and against the Company exclusively. If the certificate for the Shares is not delivered up to the Company, the Board may issue a new certificate distinguishing it as the Board thinks fit from the certificate not delivered up. A sale under this clause is subject to clause 9.

17. DISTRIBUTIONS

17.1. Notwithstanding section 61(1)(b) of the Act but subject to clause 17.2 and 17.3, the Board shall, if it is satisfied on reasonable grounds that the Company will satisfy the Solvency Test immediately after the Distribution, pay as dividends a minimum of 75% of the profits available for distribution of the Company in respect of each of its financial years

17.2. The Directors who vote in favour of a Distribution shall sign a certificate stating that, in their opinion, the Company will satisfy the Solvency Test immediately after the Distribution.

17.3. The Board may not authorise a Dividend:

17.3.1 in respect of some but not all the Shares in a Class;

17.3.2 or of a greater amount in respect of some Shares in a Class than other Shares in that Class except where:

- (a) the amount of the Dividend is reduced in proportion to any liability attached to the Shares under this Constitution;
- (b) a Shareholder has agreed in Writing to receive no dividend, or a lesser dividend than would otherwise be payable;

17.3.3 unless it is paid out of retained earnings, after having made good any accumulated losses at the beginning of the Accounting Period.

17.4. The Company may, subject to and in accordance with, section 81 of the Act give financial assistance (whether directly or indirectly) to a person for the purpose of, or in connection with, the purchase of Shares issued (or to be issued) by the Company.

18. ISSUE OF STATEMENT OF RIGHTS TO SHAREHOLDER

18.1. The Company shall issue to any Shareholder on request, a statement that sets out:

18.1.1 the Class of Shares held by the Shareholder, the total number of Shares of that Class issued by the Company, and the number of Shares of that Class held by the Shareholder;

18.1.2 the rights, privileges, conditions, and limitations, including restrictions on transfer, attaching to the Shares held by the Shareholder; and

18.1.3 the rights, privileges, conditions, and limitations attaching to the Classes of Shares other than those held by the Shareholder.

18.2. The Company shall not be obliged to provide a Shareholder with a statement under clause 18.1, if:

18.2.1 a statement that complies with clause 18.1 has been provided within the previous six (6) months;

18.2.2 the Shareholder has not acquired or disposed of Shares since the previous statement was provided;

18.2.3 the rights attached to the Shares have not been altered since the previous statement was provided; and

18.2.4 there are no special circumstances which would make it unreasonable for the Company to refuse the request.

18.3. A statement issued pursuant to clause 18.1 shall state in a prominent place that it is not evidence of title to the Shares or of the matters set out in it.

19. EXERCISE OF POWERS RESERVED TO SHAREHOLDERS

19.1. Powers reserved to Shareholders of the Company by the Act or by this Constitution may be exercised:

19.1.1 at a General Meeting; or

19.1.2 by a resolution in lieu of a meeting.

19.2. Unless otherwise specified in the Act or this Constitution, a power reserved to Shareholders may be exercised by an Ordinary Resolution.

Clause 19.3 amended
by deleting 19.3.3
and renumbering the
remaining clauses
as per sms 30 May, 2014

19.3. When Shareholders exercise a power to approve any of the following, that power shall only be exercised by a Special Resolution:

19.3.1 an alteration to or revocation of this Constitution or the adoption of a new Constitution

19.3.2 a Major Transaction

~~19.3.3 an Amalgamation~~

19.3.3 ~~19.3.4~~ the liquidation of the Company

19.3.4 ~~19.3.5~~ a variation of rights pursuant to clause 9.9

19.4. Any decision made by Special Resolution pursuant to this clause may be rescinded only by a Special Resolution, provided that a resolution to put the Company into liquidation cannot be rescinded.

19.5. The Chairperson of any General Meeting shall give the Shareholders a reasonable opportunity to discuss and comment on the management of the Company.

19.6. A General Meeting may pass a resolution which makes recommendations to the Board on matters affecting the management of the Company.

19.7. A Shareholder may require the Company to purchase his Shares where:

19.7.1 a Special Resolution is passed under clause 19.3.1 for the purposes of altering the Constitution of the Company with a view to imposing or removing a restriction on the business or activities of the Company, or clause 19.3.2 or 19.3.3; and

19.7.2 the Shareholder casts all the votes attached to Shares registered in his name and for which he is the beneficial owner against the resolution; or

19.7.3 where the resolution to exercise the power was passed under section 117 of the Act, the Shareholder did not sign the resolution.

19.8. A request under clause 19.7 shall be addressed to the Company by the dissenting Shareholder by notice in Writing within fourteen (14) days of either the passing of the resolution at a General Meeting or the date on which notice of the passing of the written resolution is given to him.

19.9. Upon receiving a notice from a dissenting Shareholder given under clause 19.8, the Board shall:

19.9.1 agree to the purchase of the Shares by the Company from the Shareholder giving the notice; or

19.9.2 arrange for some other person to agree to buy the Shares; or

19.9.3 apply to the Court under section 112 or section 113 of the Act for an order exempting the Company from the obligation to purchase the Shares; or

19.9.4 arrange, before taking the action concerned, for the Special Resolution entitling the Shareholder to give the notice, to be rescinded by a Special Resolution, or decide in the appropriate manner not to take the action concerned; and

19.10. The Board shall within twenty-eight (28) days of receipt of the notice under clause 19.8 give written notice to the dissenting Shareholder of its decision under clause 19.9.

19.11. Where the Board agrees to the Company purchasing the Shares, pursuant to clause 19.9.1, it shall do so in accordance with section 110 of the Act.

20. GENERAL MEETINGS

20.1. The Board shall call an Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held:

20.1.1 not more than once in each year;

20.1.2 not later than six (6) months after the Balance Sheet Date of the Company; and

20.1.3 not later than fifteen (15) months after the previous Annual Meeting.

20.2. The business to be transacted at an Annual Meeting shall, unless already dealt with by the Company, include:

20.2.1 the consideration and approval of the financial statements;

20.2.2 the receiving of any auditor's report;

20.2.3 the consideration of the annual report;

20.2.4 the appointment of any Directors including those whose annual appointment is required by the Act;

20.2.5 the appointment of any auditor pursuant to section 195 of the Act; and

20.2.6 the remuneration of the auditor.

20.3. A Special Meeting may be called at any time by the Board and shall be so called on the written request of Shareholders holding Shares carrying together not less than five (5) percent of the voting rights entitled to be exercised on the issue.

20.4. Anything that may be done by the Company in General Meeting under the Act or this Constitution may be done by a resolution in lieu of meeting in the manner provided for by section 117 of the Act.

20.5. Where the Directors have elected a Chairperson of the Board, and the Chairperson of the Board is present at a General Meeting, he shall chair the General Meeting.

- 20.6. Where no Chairperson of the Board has been elected or if, at any General Meeting, the Chairperson of the Board is not present within fifteen (15) minutes of the time appointed for the commencement of the General Meeting, the Directors present shall elect one of their numbers to be Chairperson of the General Meeting.
- 20.7. Where no Director is willing to act as Chairperson, or where no Director is present within fifteen (15) minutes of the time appointed for holding the General Meeting, the Shareholders present may choose one of their number to be Chairperson of the General Meeting.
- 20.8. Written notice of the time and place of a General Meeting shall be sent to every Shareholder entitled to receive notice of the General Meeting and to every Director, secretary and auditor of the Company not less than fourteen (14) days before the General Meeting.
- 20.9. The notice shall state:
- 20.9.1 the nature of the business to be transacted at the General Meeting in sufficient detail to enable a Shareholder to form a reasoned judgment in relation to it; and
- 20.9.2 the text of any Special Resolution to be submitted to the General Meeting.
- 20.10. Any irregularity in a notice of a General Meeting shall be waived where all the Shareholders entitled to attend and vote at the General Meeting attend the General Meeting without protest as to the irregularity, or where all such Shareholders agree to the waiver.
- 20.11. Any accidental omission to give notice of a General Meeting to, or the failure to receive notice of a General Meeting by, a Shareholder shall not invalidate the proceedings at that General Meeting.
- 20.12. The Chairperson may, or where directed by the General Meeting, shall, adjourn the General Meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned General Meeting other than the business left unfinished at the General Meeting from which the adjournment took place.
- 20.13. When a General Meeting is adjourned for thirty (30) days or more, notice of the adjourned General Meeting shall be given as in the case of an original General Meeting.
- 20.14. Notwithstanding clauses 20.8, 20.9 and 20.10, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned General Meeting.
- 20.15. A General Meeting shall be held either:

- 20.15.1 by a number of Shareholders who constitute a quorum, being assembled together at the place, date, and time appointed for the General Meeting; or
- 20.15.2 by means of audio, or audio and visual, communication by which all Shareholders participating and constituting a quorum, can simultaneously hear each other throughout the General Meeting.
- 20.16. Anything that may be done by the Company in General Meeting under the Act or this Constitution may be done by a resolution in lieu of meeting in the manner provided for by section 117 of the Act.
- 20.17. Where a quorum is not present, no business shall, subject to clause 20.19.3, be transacted at a General Meeting.
- 20.18. There shall be a quorum for holding a General Meeting where three (3) Shareholders present or represented or who have cast postal votes, are between them, able to exercise at least forty (40) percent of the votes to be cast on the business to be transacted by the General Meeting.
- 20.19. Where a quorum is not present within thirty (30) minutes after the time appointed for the General Meeting:
- 20.19.1 in the case of a General Meeting called under section 118(1)(b) of the Act, the General Meeting shall be dissolved;
- 20.19.2 in the case of any other General Meeting, the General Meeting shall be adjourned to the same day in the following week at the same time and place, or to such other date, time and place as the Directors may appoint; and
- 20.19.3 where, at the adjourned General Meeting, a quorum is not present within thirty (30) minutes after the time appointed for the General Meeting, the Shareholders or their proxies present shall be a quorum.
- 20.20. Where a General Meeting is held under clause 20.19.1, unless a poll is demanded, voting at the General Meeting shall be by whichever of the following methods is decided by the Chairperson of the General Meeting:
- 20.20.1 voting by voice; or
- 20.20.2 voting by show of hands.
- 20.21. Where a General Meeting is held under clause 20.19.2, unless a poll is demanded, voting at the General Meeting shall be by the Shareholders signifying individually their assent or dissent by voice.
- 20.22. A declaration by the Chairperson of the General Meeting that a resolution is carried by the requisite majority shall be conclusive evidence of that fact unless a poll is demanded in accordance with clause 20.21.

20.23. At a General Meeting, a poll may be demanded by:

20.23.1 not less than five (5) Shareholders having the right to vote at the General Meeting;

20.23.2 a Shareholder or Shareholders representing not less than ten (10) percent of the total voting rights of all Shareholders having the right to vote at the General Meeting;

20.23.3 by a Shareholder or Shareholders holding Shares in the Company that confer a right to vote at the General Meeting and on which the aggregate amount paid up is not less than ten (10) percent of the total amount paid up on all Shares that confer that right; or

20.23.4 the Chairperson of the General Meeting.

20.24. A poll shall be demanded either before or after the vote is taken on a resolution.

20.25. Where a poll is taken, votes shall be counted according to the votes attached to the Shares of each Shareholder present in person or by proxy and voting.

20.26. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn.

20.27. Where a poll is duly demanded, it shall, subject to clause 20.28 be taken in such manner as the Chairperson directs, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the General Meeting at which the poll is demanded.

20.28. A poll demanded on the election of a Chairperson or on a question of adjournment, shall be taken immediately. On any other question, if a poll is demanded, it shall be taken at such time and place as the General Meeting directs. And any business other than that on which a poll is demanded may be proceeded with pending the taking of the poll.

20.29. The Chairperson of a General Meeting shall be entitled to a casting vote.

20.30. An instrument appointing a proxy to vote at a General Meeting shall confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll and a demand by a person as proxy for a Shareholder shall have the same effect as a demand by the Shareholder.

20.31. Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any Class of Shares, every Shareholder present in person or by proxy and voting by voice or by show of hands and every Shareholder voting by postal vote (where this is permitted) shall have one vote.

20.32. The Chairperson may demand a poll on a resolution either before or after a vote thereon by voice or by show of hands.

20.33. In case of Shares conferring the right to vote burdened with an usufruct, the bare owner thereof shall be the only person entitled to vote.

- 20.34. Any power which the Act or this Constitution requires to be exercised by an Ordinary Resolution or a Special Resolution may be exercised by way of a Unanimous Resolution.
- 20.35. A Shareholder shall exercise the right to vote either by being present in person or by proxy.
- 20.36. A proxy for a Shareholder may attend and be heard at a General Meeting as if the proxy were the Shareholder.
- 20.37. A proxy shall be appointed by notice in Writing signed by the Shareholder and the notice shall state whether the appointment is for a particular General Meeting or a specified term.
- 20.38. No proxy shall be effective in relation to a General Meeting unless a copy of the notice of appointment is produced not less than twenty-four (24) hours before the start of the General Meeting.
- 20.39. Any power of attorney or other authority under which the proxy is signed or a notorially certified copy shall also be produced.
- 20.40. A proxy form shall be sent with each notice calling a General Meeting of the Company.
- 20.41. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in Writing under the hand of the appointer or of his agent duly authorised in Writing or in the case of a corporation under the hand of an officer or of an agent duly authorised.
- 20.42. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form –

“Ascencia Ltd”

I/we of being shareholders of the above named company hereby appointor failing him/her, ofas my/our proxy to vote for me/us at the general meeting of the company to be held on and at any adjournment thereof.
Signed this day of

- 20.43. A Shareholder may, when the Board shall have resolved that the notice convening the General Meeting shall expressly provide for voting by way of postal votes, exercise the right to vote at a General Meeting by casting a postal vote in accordance with this clause.

20.44. The notice of a General Meeting at which Shareholders are entitled to cast a postal vote shall state the name of the person authorised by the Board to receive and count postal votes at that General Meeting.

20.45. Where no person has been authorised to receive and count postal votes at a General Meeting, or where no person is named as being so authorised in the notice of the General Meeting, every Director shall be deemed to be so authorised.

20.46. A Shareholder may, subject to clause 20.43, cast a postal vote on all or any of the matters to be voted on at the General Meeting by sending a notice of the manner in which his Shares are to be voted to a person authorised to receive and count postal votes at that General Meeting. The notice shall reach that person not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the start of the General Meeting.

20.47. A person authorised to receive and count postal votes at a General Meeting shall:

20.47.1 collect together all postal votes received by him or by the Company;

20.47.2 in relation to each resolution to be voted on at the General Meeting, count the number of Shareholders voting in favour of the resolution, the number of votes cast by each Shareholder in favour of the resolution, the number of Shareholders voting against the resolution, and the number of votes cast by each Shareholder against the resolution;

20.47.3 sign a certificate that he has carried out the duties set out in clauses 20.44 and 20.45 which sets out the results of the counting required by clause 20.47.2; and

20.47.4 ensure that the certificate required by clause 20.47.3 is presented to the Chairperson of the General Meeting.

20.48. Where a vote is taken at a General Meeting on a resolution on which postal votes have been cast, the Chairperson of the General Meeting shall:

20.48.1 on a vote by show of hands, count each Shareholder who has submitted a postal vote for or against the resolution;

20.48.2 on a poll, count the votes cast by each Shareholder who has submitted a postal vote for or against the resolution.

20.49. The Chairperson of a General Meeting shall call for a poll on a resolution on which he holds sufficient postal votes that he believes that, where a poll is taken, the result may differ from that obtained on a show of hands.

20.50. The Chairperson of a General Meeting shall ensure that a certificate of postal votes held by him is annexed to the minutes of the General Meeting.

20.51. The Board shall ensure that minutes are kept of all proceedings at General Meetings.

20.52. Minutes which have been certified correct and signed by the Chairperson of the General Meeting shall be prima facie evidence of the proceedings.

- 20.53. A Shareholder may give written notice to the Board of a matter the Shareholder proposes to raise for discussion or resolution at the next General Meeting at which the Shareholder is entitled to vote.
- 20.54. Where the notice is received by the Board not less than twenty eight (28) days before the last day on which notice of the relevant General Meeting is required to be given by the Board, the Board shall, at the expense of the Company, give notice of the Shareholder's proposal and the text of any proposed resolution to all Shareholders entitled to receive notice of the General Meeting.
- 20.55. Where the notice is received by the Board not less than seven (7) days and not more than twenty eight (28) days before the last day on which notice of the relevant General Meeting is required to be given by the Board, the Board shall, at the expense of the Shareholder, give notice of the Shareholder's proposal and the text of any proposed resolution to all Shareholders entitled to receive notice of the General Meeting.
- 20.56. Where the notice is received by the Board less than seven (7) days before the last day on which notice of the relevant General Meeting is required to be given by the Board, the Board may, where practicable, and at the expense of the Shareholder, give notice of the Shareholder's proposal and the text of any proposed resolution to all Shareholders entitled to receive notice of the General Meeting.
- 20.57. Where the Directors intend that Shareholders may vote on the proposal by proxy or by postal vote, they shall give the proposing Shareholder the right to include in or with the notice given by the Board a statement of not more than one thousand (1000) words prepared by the proposing Shareholder in support of the proposal, together with the name and address of the proposing Shareholder.
- 20.58. The Board shall not be required to include in or with the notice given by the Board a statement prepared by a Shareholder which the Directors consider to be defamatory, frivolous, or vexatious.
- 20.59. Where the costs of giving notice of the Shareholder's proposal and the text of any proposed resolution are required to be met by the proposing Shareholder, the proposing Shareholder shall, on giving notice to the Board, deposit with the Company or tender to the Company a sum sufficient to meet those costs.
- 20.60. A body corporate which is a Shareholder may appoint a representative to attend a General Meeting on its behalf in the same manner as that in which it could appoint a proxy.
- 20.61. Where two (2) or more persons are registered as the holder of a Share, the vote of the person named first in the Share Register and voting on a matter shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders.
- 20.62. Unless otherwise expressly provided in this Constitution, a General Meeting may regulate its own procedure.

21. APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

Clause 21.1 deleted
and replaced as
per sms 18/10/2013

- 21.1. The Board shall consist of not less than four (4) or more than ~~eight (8)~~ ^{twelve (12)} Directors.
- 21.2. The Directors in office at the date of adoption of the present Constitution are:
- ESPITALIER-NOEL, Marie Hector Philippe;
 - AH CHING, Cheong Shaow Woo;
 - HEBERDEN, Edward Vaughan;
 - MERLE, Louis Didier; and
 - MIHDIDIN, Sanjiv Kumar.
- 21.3. A Director may be appointed by an Ordinary Resolution.
- 21.4. A resolution to appoint two (2) or more Directors may be voted on one resolution without each appointment being voted individually.
- 21.5. Notwithstanding clauses 21.3 and 21.4, the Directors shall have power at any time, and from time to time, to appoint any person to be a Director, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing Directors but so that the total number of Directors shall not at any time exceed the number fixed in accordance with this Constitution. The Director appointed to fill up the vacancy shall hold office only until the next following annual General Meeting and shall then be eligible for re-election.
- 21.6. The continuing Directors shall act notwithstanding any vacancy on the Board. If their number is reduced below the number fixed by, or pursuant to, this Constitution as the minimum number of Directors, the continuing Directors will act only for the purpose of summoning a General Meeting of the Company.
- 21.7. A person will be disqualified from holding the office of Director if he:
- 21.7.1 is removed by Ordinary Resolution passed at a General Meeting called for that purpose; or
 - 21.7.2 resigns in Writing and is not reappointed in accordance with this Constitution; or
 - 21.7.3 becomes disqualified from being a Director pursuant to section 133 of the Act; or
 - 21.7.4 is prohibited from being a Director or promoter of or being concerned with or taking part in the management of a Company under section 337 or 338 of the Act; or
 - 21.7.5 dies; or
 - 21.7.6 if, and so long as, the Company is a subsidiary of a public company, attains or is over the age of seventy (70) years (but subject always to section 138 of the Act); or

21.7.7 is under eighteen (18) years of age; or

21.7.8 is an undischarged bankrupt.

21.8. A Director shall not be required to hold Shares.

21.9. Every Director may, by notice given in Writing to the Company, appoint any person (including any other Director) to act as an Alternate Director in the Director's place, either generally, or in respect of a specified meeting or meetings at which the Director is not present.

21.10. The appointing Director may, at his discretion, by notice in Writing to the Company, remove his Alternate Director.

21.11. An Alternate Director may, while acting in the place of the appointing Director, represent, exercise and discharge all the powers, rights, duties and privileges (but not including the right of acting as Chairperson) of the appointing Director. The Alternate Director shall be subject, in all respects, to the same terms and provisions as those regarding the appointment of his appointing Director, except as regards remuneration and the power to appoint an Alternate Director under this Constitution.

21.12. A Director who is also an Alternate Director shall be entitled, in addition to his own vote, to a separate vote on behalf of the Director he is representing.

21.13. An Alternate Director's appointment shall lapse upon his appointing Director ceasing to be a Director.

21.14. The notice of appointment of an Alternate Director shall include an address for service of notice of meetings of the Board. Failure to give an address will not invalidate the appointment, but notice of meetings of the Board need not be given to the Alternate Director until an address is provided to the Company.

21.15. An Alternate Director shall not be the agent of his appointor, and shall exercise his duties as a Director independently of his appointor.

22. POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE BOARD

22.1. Subject to any restrictions in the Act or this Constitution, the business and affairs of the Company shall be managed by or under the direction or supervision of the Board.

22.2. The Board shall have all the powers necessary for managing, and for directing and supervising the management of, the business and affairs of the Company except to the extent that this Constitution or the Act expressly requires those powers to be exercised by the Shareholders or any other person.

22.3. The Board shall moreover have all the powers of the Company as expressed in section 27 of the Act and clause 9 of this Constitution, including, but not limited to, the power to purchase and sell property, to borrow money and to mortgage, pledge or create charges on its assets and to issue debentures and other securities, whether outright or as security for any debt, liability, or obligation of the Company or of any third party.

22.4. The Board may delegate to a committee of Directors, a Director, an employee of the Company, or any other person, any one or more of its powers, other than the powers provided for under any of the following sections which are listed in the Seventh Schedule to the Act:

22.4.1 section 52 (Issue of other shares);

22.4.2 section 56 (Consideration for issue of shares);

22.4.3 section 57(3) (Shares not paid for in cash);

22.4.4 section 61 (Board may authorise Distribution);

22.4.5 section 64 (Shares in lieu of Dividend);

22.4.6 section 65 (Shareholder discount);

22.4.7 section 69 (Purchase of own shares);

22.4.8 section 78 (Redemption at option of Company);

22.4.9 section 81 (Restrictions on giving financial assistance);

22.4.10 section 188 (Change of registered office);

22.4.11 section 246 (Approval of Amalgamation proposal);

22.4.12 section 247 (Short form Amalgamation).

22.5. The Board shall be responsible for the exercise of a power by any delegate where that power is delegated under clause 22.4, as if the power had been exercised by the Board, unless the Board:

22.5.1 believed on reasonable grounds at all times before the exercise of the power that the delegate would exercise the power in conformity with the duties imposed on the Directors by the Act and this Constitution; and

22.5.2 has monitored, by means of reasonable methods properly used, the exercise of the power by the delegate.

22.6. The Directors of the Company shall:

- 22.6.1 exercise their powers in accordance with the Act and with the limits and subject to the conditions and restrictions established by this Constitution;
- 22.6.2 obtain the authorisation of a General Meeting before doing any act or entering into any transaction for which the authorisation or consent of such Meeting is required by the Act or this Constitution;
- 22.6.3 exercise their powers honestly, in good faith, in the best interests of the Company and for the respective purposes for which such powers are explicitly or impliedly conferred;
- 22.6.4 exercise the degree of care, diligence and skill required by the Act;
- 22.6.5 not agree to the Company incurring any obligation unless the Directors believe at that time, on reasonable grounds, that the Company shall be able to perform the obligation when it is required to do so;
- 22.6.6 account to the Company for any monetary gain, or the value of any other gain or advantage, obtained by them in connection with the exercise of their powers, or by reason of their position as Directors of the Company, except remuneration, pensions provisions and compensation for loss of office in respect of their directorships of any company which are dealt with in accordance with the Act;
- 22.6.7 not make use of, or disclose, any confidential information received by them on behalf of the Company as Directors otherwise than as permitted and in accordance with the Act;
- 22.6.8 not compete with the Company or become a Director or officer of a competing company, unless it is approved by the Company;
- 22.6.9 where Directors are interested in a transaction to which the Company is a party, disclose such interest;
- 22.6.10 not use any assets of the Company for any illegal purpose or purpose in breach of clauses 19.3(a) and (c), and not do, or knowingly allow to be done, anything by which the Company's assets may be damaged or lost, otherwise than in the ordinary course of carrying on its business;
- 22.6.11 transfer forthwith to the Company all cash or assets acquired on its behalf, whether before or after its incorporation, or as the result of employing its cash or assets, and until such transfer is effected to hold such cash or assets on behalf of the Company and to use it only for the purposes of the Company;
- 22.6.12 attend meetings of the Directors with reasonable regularity, unless prevented from so doing by illness or other reasonable excuse; and

22.6.13 keep proper accounting records in accordance with the Act and make such records available for inspection in accordance with of the Act.

- 22.7. If the Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary, a Director (when exercising powers or performing duties as a Director), may act in a manner which he believes is in the best interests of the Company's holding Company even though it may not be in the best interests of the Company.
- 22.8. If the Company is a subsidiary (but not a wholly-owned subsidiary), a Director may, when exercising powers or performing duties as a Director, with the prior agreement of the Shareholders (other than its holding Company), act in a manner which he believes is in the best interests of the Company's holding Company even though it may not be in the best interests of the Company.
- 22.9. If the Company is incorporated to carry out a joint venture between its Shareholders, the Director may, when exercising powers or performing duties as a Director in connection with the carrying out of the joint venture, act in a manner which he believes is in the best interests of a Shareholder or Shareholders, even though it may not be in the best interests of the Company.
- 22.10. Nothing in this clause 22 shall limit the power of a Director to make provision for the benefit of employees of the Company (as the terms "employees" and "Company" are defined in section 144 of the Act) in connection with the Company ceasing to carry on the whole or part of its business.
- 22.11. The Board shall not procure or permit the Company to enter into a Major Transaction unless the transaction is approved by a Special Resolution or contingent on approval by Special Resolution, or the Company, being an investment fund is approved as an equity fund.
- 22.12. The Board shall not procure or permit the Company to enter into a transaction of the kind contemplated by section 130(3) of the Act unless the transaction is approved by an Ordinary Resolution or contingent on approval by Ordinary Resolution, or the Company, being an investment fund is approved as an equity fund.

23. PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD

- 23.1. The Directors shall elect one of their number as Chairperson of the Board and determine the period for which he is to hold office.
- 23.2. Where no Chairperson is elected, or where at a meeting of the Board the Chairperson is not present within fifteen (15) minutes after the time appointed for the commencement of the meeting, the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairperson of the meeting.
- 23.3. A Director or, if requested by a Director to do so, an employee of the Company, may convene a meeting of the Board by giving notice in accordance with this clause 23.

- 23.4. A seven (7) days notice, or such shorter period as may be unanimously agreed between the Directors, of a meeting of the Board shall be sent to every Director, and the notice shall include the date, time, and place of the meeting and the matters to be discussed.
- 23.5. An irregularity in the notice of a meeting shall be waived where all Directors entitled to receive notice of the meeting attend the meeting without protest as to the irregularity or where all Directors entitled to receive notice of the meeting agree to the waiver.
- 23.6. A meeting of the Board shall be held either:
- 23.6.1 by a number of the Directors who constitute a quorum, being assembled together at the place, date, and time appointed for the meeting; or
- 23.6.2 by means of audio, or audio and visual, communication by which all Directors participating and constituting a quorum can simultaneously hear each other throughout the meeting.
- 23.7. A quorum for a meeting of the Board shall be a majority of the Directors.
- 23.8. No business shall be transacted at a meeting of Directors if a quorum is not present.
- 23.9. A Director having an interest as specified in clause 24, is to be counted in a quorum notwithstanding his interest.
- 23.10. If within fifteen (15) minutes past the time appointed for any meeting of Board, the quorum is not present, such meeting shall stand adjourned to the next day at the same time and place provided such day is a working day and otherwise to the next following working day; if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, the Directors present not being less than two (2) shall form a quorum and may transact the business standing to the order of the day.
- 23.11. Every Director shall have one vote.
- 19.11. The Chairperson shall have a casting vote.
- 23.12. A resolution of the Board shall be passed if it is agreed to by a majority of the Directors present.
- 23.13. The Board shall ensure that minutes are kept of all proceedings at meetings of the Board.
- 23.14. A resolution in Writing, signed or assented to, by all the Directors then entitled to receive notice of a Board meeting, shall be as valid and effective as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board duly convened and held.
- 23.15. Any such resolution may consist of several documents in like form each signed or assented to by one or more Directors.

23.16. A copy of any such resolution shall be entered in the minute book of Board proceedings.

24. REMUNERATION AND OTHER INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS

24.1. The Board if it is satisfied that to do so is fair to the Company, shall approve:

24.1.1 the payment of remuneration (or the provision of other benefits) by the Company to a Director for his services as a Director, or the payment of compensation for loss of office; and

24.1.2 the making of loans and the giving of guarantees by the Company to a Director in accordance with section 159 (6) of the Act.

24.2. The Board shall ensure that, forthwith after authorising any payment under clause 24.1.1, particulars of such payment are entered in the Interests Register, where there is one.

24.3. Notwithstanding the provisions of this clause, the Shareholders of the Company may, by Unanimous Resolution or by Unanimous Shareholder's Agreement, approve any payment, provision, benefit, assistance or other distribution referred to in section 159 of the Act provided that there are reasonable grounds to believe that, after the distribution, the Company is likely to satisfy the Solvency Test.

24.4. Any Director may act by himself, or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company; and the Director or the Director's firm will be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if the Director were not a Director. Nothing in this clause shall authorise a Director or a Director's firm to act as auditor for the Company.

24.5. A Director may hold any other office in the Company (other than the office of auditor), for such period and on such terms (as to remuneration and otherwise) as the Board shall determine.

24.6. Other than as provided in clause 24.4, a Director shall not be disqualified by virtue of his office from entering into any transaction with the Company. Any such transaction will be valid and enforceable to the same extent as if he was not a Director and not in a fiduciary relationship with the Company. No such Director shall be liable to account to the Company for any profit realised by the transaction by reason of the Director holding that office or of the fiduciary relationship thereby established.

24.7. A Director shall, forthwith after becoming aware of the fact that he is interested in a transaction or proposed transaction with the Company, cause to be entered in the Interests Register, where it has one, and, where the Company has more than one Director, disclose to the Board of the Company:

24.7.1 where the monetary value of the Director's interest is able to be quantified, the nature and monetary value of that interest; or

24.7.2 where the monetary value of the Director's interest cannot be quantified, the nature and extent of that interest.

24.8. A Director shall not be required to comply with clause 24.7 where:

24.9. the transaction or proposed transaction is between the Director and the Company;
and

24.10. the transaction or proposed transaction is or is to be entered into the ordinary course of the Company's business and on usual terms and conditions.

24.11. For the purposes of clause 24.7, a general notice entered in the Interests Register, where there is one, or disclosed to the Board to the effect that a Director is a Shareholder, Director, officer or trustee of another company or other person and is to be regarded as interested in any transaction which may, after the date of the entry or disclosure, be entered into with that Company or person, is a sufficient disclosure of interest in relation to that transaction.

24.12. A Director who has declared his interest in accordance with this clause shall vote on any matter relating to the transaction or proposed transaction in which he is interested.

24.13. A failure by a Director to comply with clause 24.7 shall not affect the validity of a transaction entered into by the Company or the Director.

25. MANAGING DIRECTORS

25.1. The Directors may appoint one or more members of the Board to the office of Managing Director for such period and on such terms as they think fit and, subject to the terms of any agreement entered into in any particular case, may revoke that appointment.

25.2. Where a Managing Director ceases to be a Director for any reason whatsoever, his appointment as Managing Director shall automatically lapse.

25.3. A Managing Director shall, subject to the terms of any agreement entered into in any particular case, receive such remuneration, whether by way of salary, commission or participation in profits, as the Directors may determine.

25.4. The Directors may entrust to and confer upon the Managing Director any of the powers exercisable by them with such restrictions as they think fit, and either generally or, to the exclusion of their own powers, subject to section 131 of the Act, and the directors may revoke, alter, or vary, all or any of these powers.

26. INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE

- 26.1. The Board shall cause the Company to indemnify a Director or employee of the Company or a related company for costs incurred by him in any proceedings:
- 26.1.1 that relates to liability for any act or omission in his or her capacity as a Director or employee; and
 - 26.1.2 in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or which is discontinued.
- 26.2. The Board shall cause the Company to indemnify a Director or an employee of the Company or a related company in respect of:
- 26.2.1 liability to any person other than the Company or a related company for any act or omission in his capacity as a Director or employee; or
 - 26.2.2 costs incurred by the Director or employee in defending or settling any claim or proceedings relating to any liability under clause 26.1 above; not being criminal liability or liability for the breach of section 131 of the Act.
- 26.3. The Board may cause the Company to effect insurance for Directors and employees of the Company or a related company in respect of:
- 26.3.1 liability not being criminal liability for any act or omission in his capacity as a Director or employee; or
 - 26.3.2 costs incurred by such Directors or employees in defending or settling any claim or proceedings relating to any such liability; or
 - 26.3.3 costs incurred by a Director or employee in defending any criminal proceedings that have been brought against the Director or employee in relation to any act or omission in that person's capacity as Director or employee, in which he is acquitted or in relation to which a nolle prosequi is entered.
- 26.4. The Directors who vote in favour of a decision to effect insurance under clause 26.2.1 shall sign a certificate stating that, in their opinion, the cost of effecting the insurance is fair to the Company.
- 26.5. The Board shall ensure that particulars of any indemnity given to, or insurance effected for, any Director or employee of the Company or related Company are forthwith entered in the Interests Register, where there is one.
- 26.6. For the purpose of this clause 26, "Director" includes a former Director and "employee" includes a former employee.

27. SECRETARY

- 27.1. The Board shall appoint one or more secretaries in accordance with sections 163 and 164 of the Act, for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit and any secretary so appointed may be removed by it. The Board may, during any period that the office of secretary is vacant, authorise any officer of the Company to carry out all or any of the duties of secretary.

28. WINDING UP

- 28.1. Subject to the terms of issue of any Shares, upon the liquidation of the Company, any assets of the Company remaining after payment of the debts and liabilities of the Company and the costs of liquidation shall be distributed among the holders of Shares in proportion to their shareholding, provided however that a holder of Shares not fully paid up shall receive only a proportionate share of his entitlement being an amount which is in proportion to the amount paid to the Company in satisfaction of the liability of the Shareholder to the Company in respect of the Shares.
- 28.2. When assets are distributed, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution, divide in kind amongst the Shareholders the assets of the Company, whether they consist of property of the same kind or not, and may for that purpose set such value as he shall deem fair upon any property to be divided and may determine how the division shall be carried out as between the Shareholders or different Classes of Shareholders.
- 28.3. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest any such assets in such persons for the benefit of contributories as the liquidator, with the like sanction, shall think fit.
- 28.4. Nothing in this clause shall require a Shareholder to accept any share or other security on which there is any liability.

29. COMMON SEAL, AUTHENTICATION OF DEEDS AND DOCUMENTS

- 29.1. The Company may have a seal, known as the common seal, which shall contain the name of the Company and which shall not be affixed to any instrument without the authority of the Board.
- 29.2. The common seal may be affixed to any instrument, including a deed, and if not so affixed, the validity of the execution of the instrument will be determined in accordance with section 181 of the Act.
- 29.3. All instruments, deeds, acts and documents executed on behalf of the Company may be in such form and contain such powers, provisos, conditions, covenants, clauses and agreements as the Board shall think fit, and shall be signed either by two Directors or by one Director and one of the secretaries or by such other person or persons as the Board may from time to time appoint.
- 29.4. All bills of exchange, promissory notes or other negotiable instruments shall be accepted, made, drawn or endorsed for and on behalf of the Company and all cheques or orders for payment shall be signed either by two Directors or by one

Director and one of the secretaries or by such other person or persons as the Board may from time to time appoint.

- 29.5. Cheques or other negotiable instruments paid to the Company's bankers for collection and requiring the endorsement of the Company, shall be endorsed on its behalf by one of the Directors or by one of the secretaries or by such other officer as the Board may from time to time appoint.
- 29.6. All moneys belonging to the Company shall be paid to such bankers as the Directors shall from time to time appoint and all receipts for money paid to the Company shall be signed by one of the Directors or by one of the secretaries or by such other officer as the Board may from time to time appoint and such receipt shall be an effectual discharge for the money therein stated to be received.

30. RECORDS

- 30.1. The Board shall cause proper accounting and other records to be kept as required by the Act, and shall make available such accounting and other records for inspection in accordance with sections 225 to 228 of the Act.

31. AUDIT

- 31.1. Auditors shall be appointed and removed and their duties and remuneration regulated in accordance with sections 195 to 209 of the Act.

32. SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS

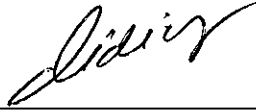
- 32.1. The service of documents on or by the Company shall be regulated in accordance with sections 323 to 328 of the Act.

33. SPECIAL PROVISIONS WHEN ALL SHARES HELD BY ONE PERSON OR ALL SHAREHOLDERS ARE DIRECTORS

- 33.1. Where, at any time, all the Shares of the Company are held by one person, or all Shareholders are Directors, for a continuous period exceeding six months, then, for so long as such circumstance continues:
- 33.2. new Shares may be issued by Unanimous Resolution signed the Shareholder/s having such rights and on such terms and conditions as may be set out in the resolution and a copy of the resolution shall be filed with the Registrar.
- 33.3. separate meetings of Shareholders and Directors need not be held provided all matters required by the Act or by this Constitution to be dealt with by a General Meeting or by meeting of Directors are dealt with by way of a Unanimous Resolution.

This document is certified as being the Constitution of Ascencia Ltd

Dated this [06 November, 2008]

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'J. J. J.', written over a horizontal line.

For and on behalf of Ascencia Ltd